

## Operating and installation instructions Differential Controller with Speed Control Lago SG2



### Safety

#### Please read and keep in a safe place



Please read through these instructions carefully before installing or operating. Following the installation, pass the instructions on to the operator.

These instructions can also be found at [www.docuthek.com](http://www.docuthek.com).

#### Legend

•, **1**, **2**, **3**... = Action  
> = Instruction

### Liability

We will not be held liable for damages resulting from non-observance of the instructions and non-compliant use.

### Safety Instructions

Information that is relevant for safety is indicated in the instructions as follows:

#### **⚠ DANGER**

Indicates potentially fatal situations.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Indicates possible risk to life.

#### **! CAUTION**

Indicates possible material damage.

All work and settings in the "Expert" chapters may only be carried out by a qualified technician. Electrical interventions may only be carried out by a qualified electrician.

The heating system must be disconnected from the power supply before any electrical work is carried out on the unit.

### Conversion

Any technical modifications are prohibited.

### Transport

On receipt of the product, check that the delivery is complete. Report any transport damage immediately.

### Storage

Store this product in a dry place at an ambient temperature. See technical data.

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## Part designations

### Application selection

Differential controller 1 relay output and base for wall mounting.  
For use with flat and tubular collectors – as well as solid fuel boilers and layer storage systems – for controlling hydraulic systems:

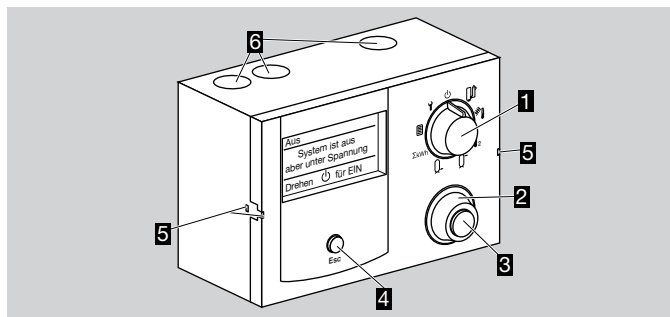
- 1 collector, 1 buffer storage tank
- 1 solid fuel boiler, 1 storage tank or 1 solid fuel boiler, 2 storage tanks with switch-over valve
- 1 collector, 1 storage tank, 1 solid fuel boiler
- 2 collectors, 1 storage tank, 2 collector pumps
- 1 collector, 2 storage tanks, 1 switch-over valve
- 1 collector, 2 storage tank, 2 charge pumps
- 1 collector, 1 storage tank or 2 storage tanks
- 1 collector, 1 storage tank, return temperature increase
- 1 collector, 1 storage tank, return temperature increase with mixer
- 1 collector, 2 storage tanks, refeeding pump
- 1 collector, 2 storage tank, 2 feeding areas
- 1 collector, 2 storage tank, 3 feeding areas
- 1 collector, 1 storage tank, drain-back system

Explanation, see page 14 (Technician – Electrical connections).

The function is only guaranteed within the specified limits, see page 42 (Technical Specifications).

Any other use will be deemed improper use.

### Part designations



- 1** Selector switch
- 2** Rotary knob for changing set values and selection of parameters and system types
- 3** OK button for confirming set values
- 4** Back button
- 5** Assembly holder of the controller
- 6** Cable feed-throughs

## Selector switch and display

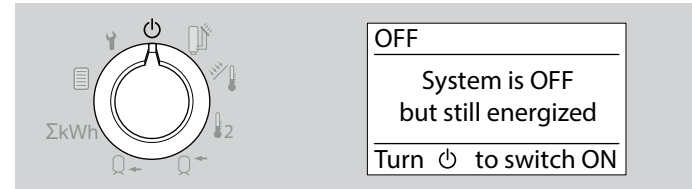
### Selector switch

⏻	Standby (no function)
📄	Automatic mode
📄🔧	Display of the set system scheme with actuators and sensors
🌡️	Temperature display of collector/solid fuel boiler
🌡️2	Temperature display of additional sensor (storage tank 2 bottom, collector 2)
Q~	Temperature display Tank top
Q-	Temperature display Tank bottom
ΣkWh	Display of day, week, month or total production
📄	User settings
🔧	Technician Settings

### Display

- ▷ The display is dependent on the selector switch position.
- ▷ In the event of an error in the system configuration, the display lights up red, see page 42 (Troubleshooting)

### Standby



- ▷ The controller has power.

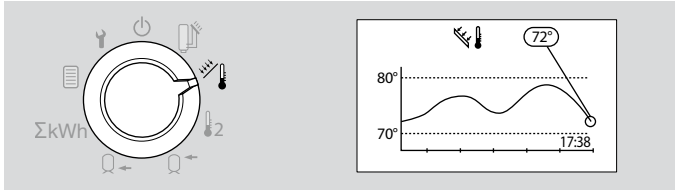
### Automatic mode



- ▷ The currently selected system scheme with actuators and sensors is displayed.
- ▷ With the rotary knob it is possible to select whether the designations (e.g. F1, F2, A1) or the momentary statuses and temperatures are displayed at the actuators and sensors.

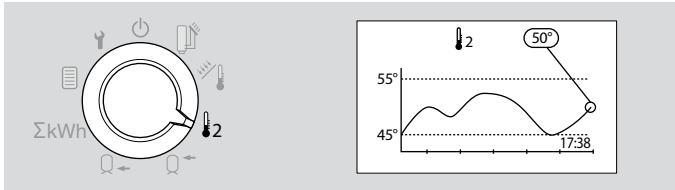
## Selector switch and display

### Temperature display F1 (Collector/storage tank)



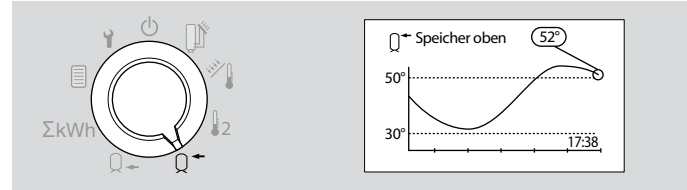
- ▷ The display shows the temperature currently measured by sensor F1 at the collector, or alternatively for some hydraulic systems the temperature at the sensor on the solid fuel boiler.
- ▷ In addition, the temperature curve of the sensor for the last hour is displayed.
- ▷ The display is refreshed every minute, the current time is shown in the bottom right of the diagram.

### Temperature display F2 (Additional sensor)



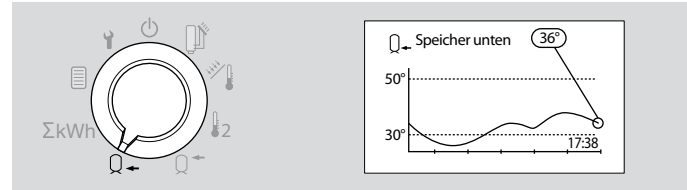
- ▷ The display shows the temperature currently measured by sensor F2.
- ▷ In addition, the temperature curve of the sensor for the last hour is displayed.
- ▷ The display is refreshed every minute, the current time is shown in the bottom right of the diagram.
- ▷ The display shows "Not connected" if F2 is not installed.

### Temperature display F3 (Tank top)



- ▷ The display shows the temperature currently measured by sensor F3.
- ▷ In addition, the temperature curve of the sensor for the last hour is displayed.
- ▷ The display is refreshed every minute, the current time is shown in the bottom right of the diagram.
- ▷ The display shows "Not connected" if F3 is not installed.

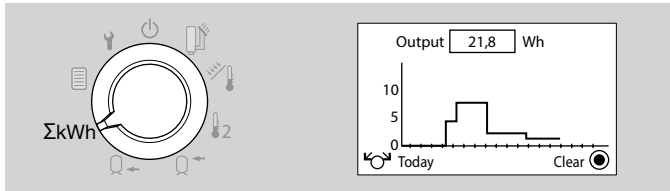
### Temperature display F4 (Tank bottom)



- ▷ The display shows the temperature currently measured by sensor F4 in the lower half of the storage tank.
- ▷ In addition, the temperature curve of the sensor for the last hour is displayed.
- ▷ The display is refreshed every minute, the current time is shown in the bottom right of the diagram.

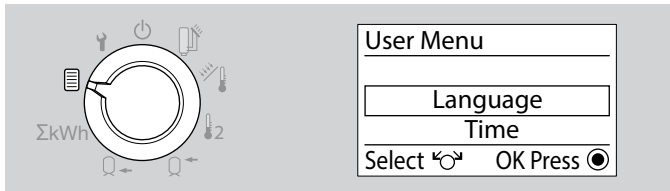


## Display production



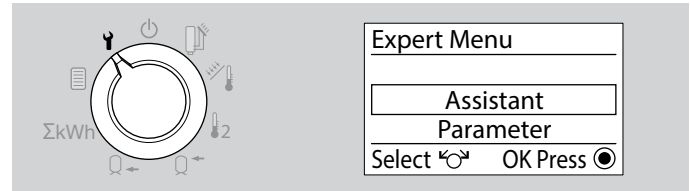
- ▷ The display shows the energy produced via the collectors, either for today, yesterday, the current week, last week, the current month or the last year (the last 365 days).
- ▷ The display switches automatically between Wh, kWh and MWh.

## User settings



- ▷ The display shows the setting possibilities with which the user can adapt the heating system to the personal requirements.

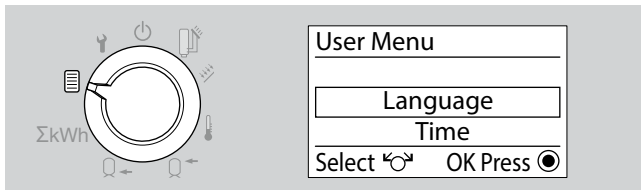
## Expert settings



- ▷ The display shows the setting possibilities for the expert during commissioning.
- ▷ A code number has to be entered before the settings can be changed.

### User – Settings

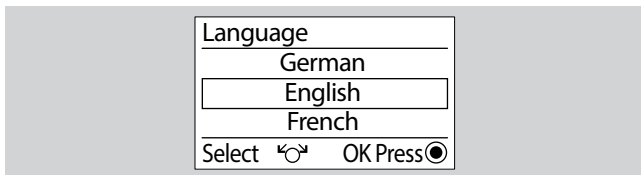
- 1 Turn selector switch to  "User settings".




- ▷ The display shows the options with which the heating system can be adapted to the user's personal requirements.

- 2 Select the desired option (**Language, Time, Weekday, Parameters** or **Reset**) using the rotary knob.
- 3 Press the OK button.

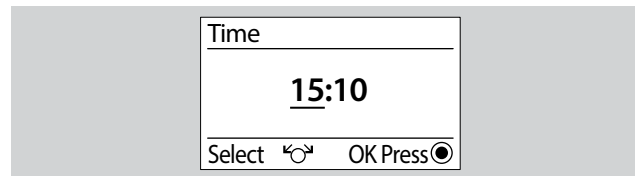
### Language



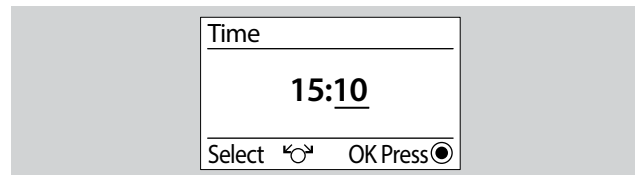
- ▷ Languages: German, English, Flemish, French, German, Italian, Spanish and Portuguese.


- 4 Select the language using the rotary knob.
- 5 Press the OK button.
- 6 To change other options, continue from step 2 or turn the selector switch back to  Automatic mode.

### Time

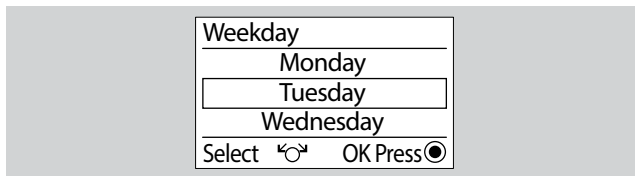


- ▷ Set the current time.
- 4 Use the rotary knob to set the hours.
  - 5 Press the OK button.



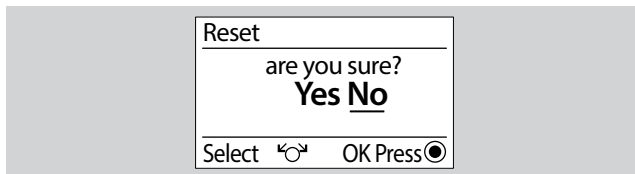
- 6 Use the rotary knob to set the minutes.
- 7 Press the OK button.
- 8 To change other options, continue from step 2 or turn the selector switch back to  Automatic mode.

## Weekday



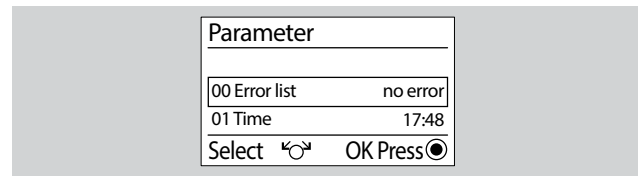
- 4 Set the weekday using the rotary knob.
- 5 Press the OK button.
- 6 To change other options, continue from step 2 or turn the selector switch back to Automatic mode.

## Reset



- ▷ The personal settings for time (parameter 01) and weekday (parameter 03) are retained, all other settings are deleted.
- 4 Note the personal settings in this manual.
  - 5 Select "Yes" using the rotary knob.
- ▷ If the settings are not to be changed, press the Back button or select "No" with the rotary knob.
- 6 Press the OK button.
- ▷ The factory settings have been loaded.
- 6 To change other options, continue from step 2 or turn the selector switch back to Automatic mode.

## Parameter

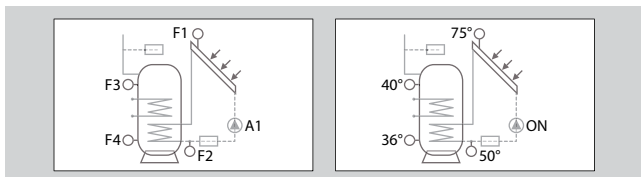


- 4 Select the desired parameter using the rotary knob, see page 12 (User – Parameters).
- 5 Press the OK button.
- 6 Use the rotary knob to set the desired value.
- 7 Press the OK button to confirm.
  - ▷ Parameters 00 (error list), 03 (day's production) and 04 (total production) are only displayed. They cannot be changed.
- 8 To change other parameters, continue from step 4.
- 9 To change other options (**Language, Time, Weekday or Reset**) continue with step 2 or turn the selector switch back to Automatic mode.

### User – Commissioning



- 1** To commission the system, turn the selector switch to Automatic mode.
  - ▷ The currently selected system scheme with actuators and sensors is displayed.
- 2** With the rotary knob, select whether the designations (e.g. F1, F2, A1) or the momentary statuses and temperatures are displayed at the actuators and sensors.



### User – Parameters

#### List of parameters P01 to P11

P No.	Parameter	Setting range	Factory setting	Own values
00	Error list	Display only	No error	
01	Time	00:00–24:00	00:00	
02	Weekday	Monday – Sunday	Monday	
03	Day's production	Display only	0.0 Wh	
04	Total production	Display only	0.0 Wh	
05	Pump Kick ON Time	OFF: 00:00–23:45	07:00	
06	Pump Kick OFF Time	00:15–24:00	22:00	
07	Reheating ON Time	OFF: 00:00–23:45	05:00	
08	Reheating OFF Time	00:15–24:00	21:00	
09	Cir. pump ON time	OFF: 00:00–23:45	05:00	
10	Cir. pump OFF time	00:15–24:00	21:00	
11	Antilegion start	00:00–23:45	02:00	

#### Explanation of the parameters

##### P00 Error list

In the event of faults, the corresponding errors with their corresponding numbers are shown on the display, see page 42 (Troubleshooting)

##### P01 Time

Shows the set time. Before commissioning of the controller or after a prolonged power failure, set the current time using this parameter.

##### P02 Weekday

Shows the list with the weekdays Monday to Sunday. Before commissioning of the controller or after a prolonged power failure, set the current weekday using this parameter.

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**P03 Day's production**

Shows the day's production in Wh or kWh. Is automatically reset to 00:00

every day at 0000. The day's production can be reset manually by pressing the OK button. The day's production is automatically added to the total production at the end of the day.

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**P04 Total production**

Shows the total production in Wh or kWh. Is automatically incremented by the day's production every day at 00:00 h. The total production can be reset manually by pressing the OK button.

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**P05 Pump Kick ON Time/****P06 Pump Kick OFF Time**

It is possible that the collector sensor does not measure the real collector temperature (e.g. if it is partly in the shade). Briefly switching on the collector pump (pump kick) transports the heat transfer medium in the collector past the collector sensor in order to measure the rear collector temperature.

The pump kick function can be switched ON and OFF with the parameters 05 and 06 during the period in which solar production is expected.

P05 = OFF: The function is deactivated.

P05 = 00:00 to 23:45: Starting time of the pump kick function.

P06 = 00:15 to 23:45: Stopping time of the pump kick function.

---

**P07 Reheating ON Time/****P08 Reheating OFF Time**

If the collector does not generate sufficient heat, additional heat can be supplied to the storage tank by means of a further heat source. These parameters allow the function to be activated and the operating period to be set.

P07 = OFF: The function is deactivated.

P07 = 00:00 to 23:45: Reheating starting time,

P08 = 00:15 to 23:45: Reheating stopping time.

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**P09 Circulation pump ON****P10 Circulation pump OFF**

The circulation pump in a water circuit ensures a fast supply of hot water to the tapping point. In order to avoid heat losses, the circulation pump should only run during periods when hot water is expected to be needed.

These parameters allow the function to be activated and the operating period to be set.

P09 = OFF: The function is deactivated.

P09 = 00:00 to 23:45: Circulation pump starting time.

P10 = 00:15 to 23:45: Circulation pump stopping time.

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**P11 Antilegion start**

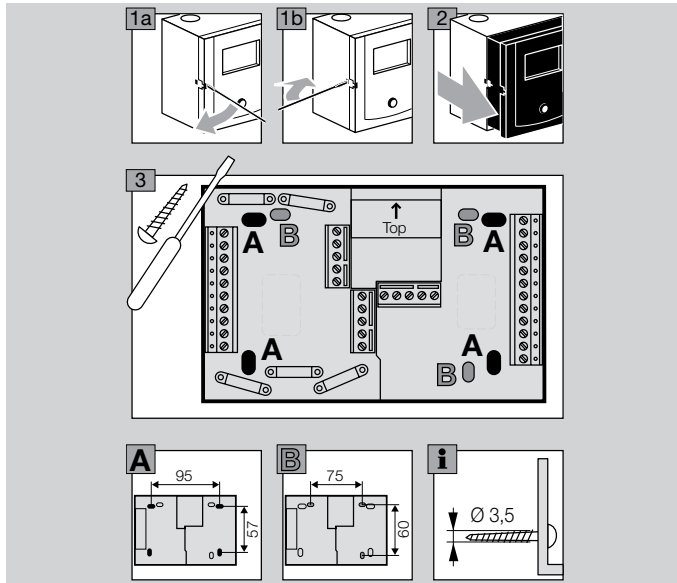
Shows the time at which every Saturday the hot water tank and, where a circulation pump is used, also the pipework are heated to 65°C as protection against thermoresistant bacteria.

P11 = 00:00 to 23:45.

### Technician – Installation

#### ! CAUTION

A minimum clearance from surrounding heat sources must be observed so that the permitted ambient temperature will not be exceeded during operation, see page 42 (Technical Specifications).



### Technician – Electrical connections

#### ⚠ WARNING

Possible life-endangering electrical shock! Switch the power off to electrical cables before working on power-carrying parts!

#### ! CAUTION

For fixed devices, an isolating mechanism must be installed for shutting off from the network, in accordance with the installation guidelines and EN 60335-1 or EN 60730-1, e.g. with a switch. The insulation for line conductors is to be protected against damage by overheating, e.g. insulating sleeve.

#### Select application

The differential controller for use with flat and tubular collectors, and for solid fuel boilers and layer storage systems, can be used to control the hydraulic systems from page 15 (System scheme). The application is determined automatically by connecting certain sensors on setting specific parameters.

## System scheme

With respect to the system schemes, please note that the respective control functions may be changed by protection functions. An active collector protection function (P45) or storage tank recooling (P46) can therefore also trigger collector pump operation, see page 31 (P45 Collector safety temp.) and 31 (P46 Storage tank recooling switching threshold).

### Key

○ F1 Sensor F1

≡ Heat exchanger

⦿ A1 Pump A1

⊠ Switch-over valve

🔥 Solid fuel boiler

🛢 Storage tank

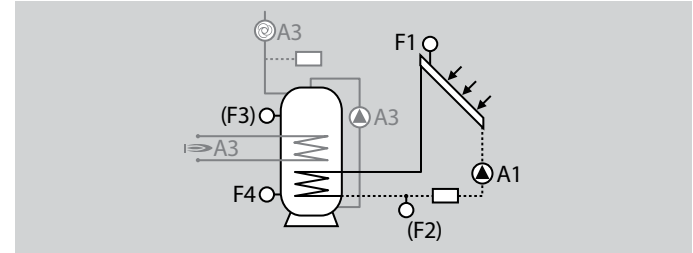
↙ Collector

□ Pulse generator (e.g. volume flow counter)

P30 Parameter 30

Temp<sub>F1</sub> Temperature at sensor 1

## System 1 (1 collector, 1 buffer storage tank)



### Outputs

A1 Collector pump

Optional

A3 Additional relay, function can be freely assigned

### Inputs

F1 Collector sensor

F4 Tank bottom sensor

Optional

F2 Return sensor for heat volume metering

F3 Tank top sensor

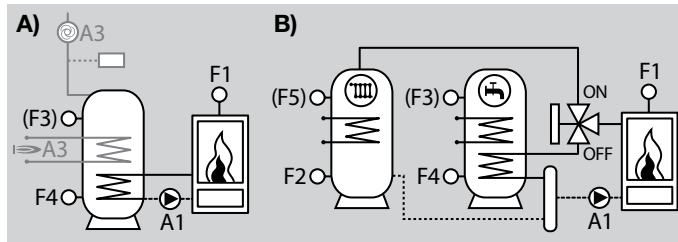
### Switching conditions A1

ON:  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} > P30$  and  $\text{Temp}_{F1} > P40$ ,

OFF:  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} < P31$  or  $\text{Temp}_{F1} < P41$ .

## Technician – Electrical connections

### System 2 (1 solid fuel boiler, 1 storage tank or 1 solid fuel boiler, 2 storage tanks with switch-over valve)



#### Outputs

A1	Feeding pump for solid fuel boiler
A3	<b>A)</b> Additional relay, function can be freely assigned <b>B)</b> Switch-over valve to storage tank 2 or additional relay, function can be freely assigned

#### Inputs

F1	Solid fuel boiler sensor
F2	<b>Only B)</b> Tank bottom 2 sensor
F4	Tank bottom sensor
Optional	
F3	Tank top 1 sensor max. temperature monitoring A1
F5	Tank top 2 sensor

#### Switching conditions A1

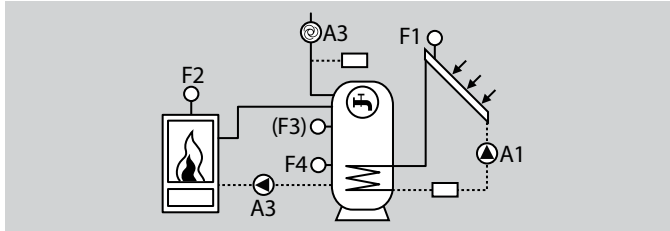
ON:	$\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} > P30$ and $\text{Temp}_{F1} > P43 + 5 \text{ K}$ or $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F2} > P32$ and $\text{Temp}_{F1} > P43 + 5 \text{ K}$ ,
OFF:	$\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} < P31$ and $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F2} < P33$ or $\text{Temp}_{F1} < P43$ .

#### Only for system B): Switching conditions A3

ON:	A1 = ON and $\text{Temp}_{F3}$ (alternatively, $\text{Temp}_{F4}$ , if F3 is not connected) > P50 or $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} < P31$
OFF:	A1 = OFF or $\text{Temp}_{F3}$ (alternatively, $\text{Temp}_{F4}$ , if $\text{Temp}_{F3}$ is not connected) < P50 - 5 K and $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} > P30$ .



**System 3 (1 collector, 1 storage tank, 1 solid fuel boiler)**



**Outputs**

A1	Collector pump (speed control)
A3	Feeding pump for solid fuel boiler

**Inputs**

F1	Collector sensor
F2	Solid fuel boiler sensor
F4	Tank bottom sensor or max. temperature monitoring A1 (if F3 is not installed)
Optional	
F3	Tank top sensor, Max. temperature monitoring A1

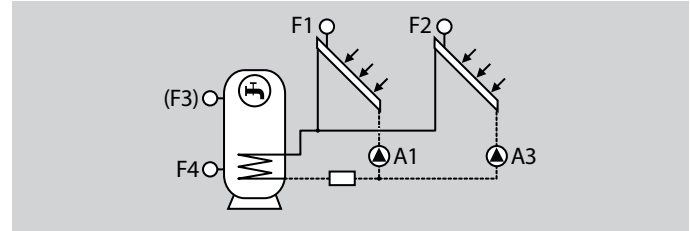
**Switching conditions A1**

ON:  $Temp_{F1} - Temp_{F4} > P30$  and  $Temp_{F1} > P40$ ,  
 OFF:  $Temp_{F1} - Temp_{F4} < P31$  or  $Temp_{F1} < P41$ .

**Switching conditions A3**

ON:  $Temp_{F2} - Temp_{F4} > P32$  and  $Temp_{F2} > P43 + 5 K$ ,  
 OFF:  $Temp_{F2} - Temp_{F4} < P33$  or  $Temp_{F2} < P43$ .

**System 4 (2 collectors, 1 storage tank, 2 collector pumps)**



**Outputs**

A1	Collector pump 1
A3	Collector pump 2

**Inputs**

F1	Collector 1 sensor
F2	Collector 2 sensor
F4	Tank bottom sensor
Optional	
F3	Tank top sensor max. temperature monitoring A1

**Switching conditions A1**

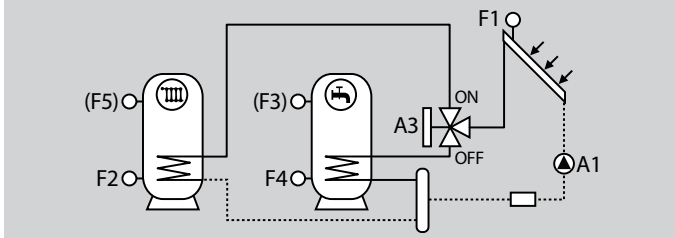
ON:  $Temp_{F1} - Temp_{F4} > P30$  and  $Temp_{F1} > P40$   
 OFF:  $Temp_{F1} - Temp_{F4} < P31$  or  $Temp_{F1} < P41$ .

**Switching conditions A3**

ON:  $Temp_{F2} - Temp_{F4} > P32$  and  $Temp_{F2} > P40$ ,  
 OFF:  $Temp_{F2} - Temp_{F4} < P33$  or  $Temp_{F2} < P41$ .

## Technician – Electrical connections

### System 5 (1 collector, 2 storage tanks, 1 switch-over valve)



#### Outputs

A1	Collector pump
A3	Switch-over valve to storage tank 2

#### Inputs

F1	Collector 1 sensor
F2	Tank 2 bottom sensor
F4	Tank 1 bottom sensor
Optional	
F3	Tank top 1 sensor max. temperature monitoring A1
F5	Tank top 2 sensor max. temperature monitoring A1

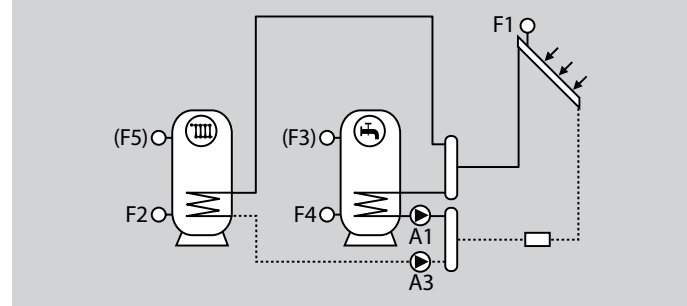
#### Switching conditions A1

ON:  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} > P30$  or  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F2} > P32$  and  $\text{Temp}_{F1} > P40$ ,  
 OFF:  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} < P31$  and  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F2} < P33$   
 or  $\text{Temp}_{F1} < P41$ .

#### Switching conditions A3

ON: A1 = ON  
 and  $\text{Temp}_{F3}$  ( $\text{Temp}_{F4}$ , if F3 is not connected)  $> P50$   
 or  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} < P31$   
 OFF: A1 = OFF  
 or  $\text{Temp}_{F3}$  ( $\text{Temp}_{F4}$ , if F3 is not connected)  $< P50 - 5 \text{ K}$ ,  
 or  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} > P30$

### System 6 (1 collector, 2 storage tanks, 2 charge pumps)



#### Outputs

A1	Charge pump for storage tank 1
A3	Charge pump for storage tank 2

#### Inputs

F1	Collector 1 sensor
F2	Tank 2 bottom sensor
F4	Tank 1 bottom sensor
Optional	
F3	Tank top 1 sensor max. temperature monitoring A1
F5	Tank top 2 sensor max. temperature monitoring A1

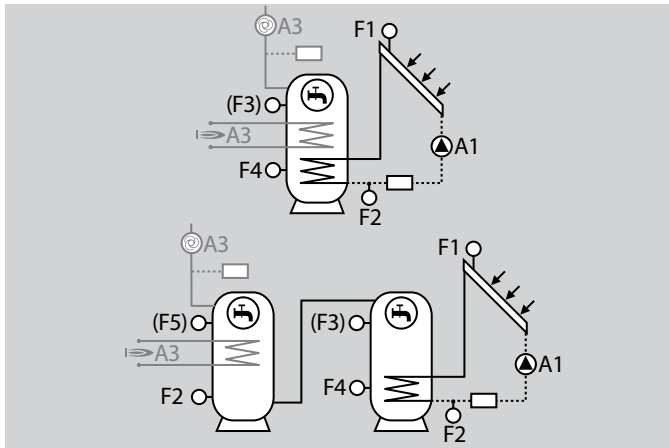
#### Switching conditions A1

ON:  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} > P30$  and  $\text{Temp}_{F1} > P40$ ,  
 OFF:  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} < P31$  and  $\text{Temp}_{F1} < P41$ .

#### Switching conditions A3

ON:  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} > P30$  and  $\text{Temp}_{F1} > P40$ ,  
 OFF:  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} < P31$  and  $\text{Temp}_{F1} < P41$ .

**System 7 (1 collector, 1 storage tank or 2 storage tanks)**



**Switching conditions A1**

ON:  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} > P30$  and  $\text{Temp}_{F1} > P40$ ,  
 OFF:  $\text{Temp}_{F1} - \text{Temp}_{F4} < P31$  or  $\text{Temp}_{F1} < P41$ .

**Outputs**

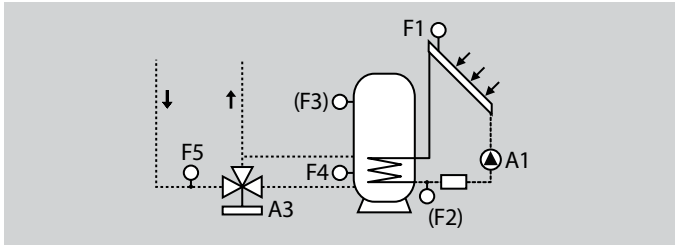
A1	Collector pump
A3	Additional relay, function can be freely assigned

**Inputs**

F1	Collector sensor
F4	Tank sensor (storage tank 1) bottom or max. temperature monitoring A1 (if F3 not available)
Optional	
F2	Sensor return for heat volume metering or Tank bottom 2 for reheating
F3	Tank top (storage tank 1) sensor Max. temperature monitoring A1 or Reference sensor for reheating
F5	Additional sensor

## Technician – Electrical connections

### System 8 (1 collector, 1 storage tank, return temperature increase)



#### Outputs

A1	Collector pump
A3	Switch-over valve – heating return flow via storage tank

#### Inputs

F1	Collector sensor
F4	Tank bottom sensor
F5	Return temperature increase sensor
Optional	
F2	Return sensor for heat volume metering
F4	Tank bottom sensor

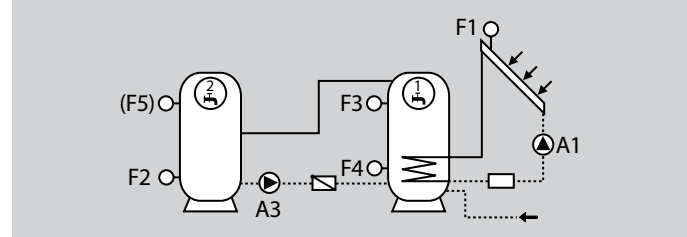
#### Switching conditions A1

ON:	$Temp_{F1} - Temp_{F4} > P30$ and $Temp_{F1} > P40$ ,
OFF:	$Temp_{F1} - Temp_{F4} < P31$ or $Temp_{F1} < P41$ .

#### Switching conditions A3

ON:	$Temp_{F4} - Temp_{F5} > P32$ ,
OFF:	$Temp_{F4} - Temp_{F5} < P33$ .

### System 9 (1 collector, 2 storage tanks, refeeding pump)



#### Outputs

A1	Collector pump
A3	Refeeding pump on storage tank 2

#### Inputs

F1	Collector sensor
F2	Tank 2 bottom sensor
F3	Tank top 1 sensor
F4	Tank top 1 sensor
Optional	
F5	Tank top 2 sensor

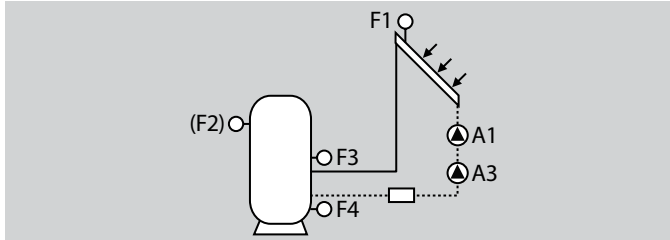
#### Switching conditions A1

ON:	$Temp_{F1} - Temp_{F4} > P30$ and $Temp_{F1} > P40$ ,
OFF:	$Temp_{F1} - Temp_{F4} < P31$ or $Temp_{F1} < P41$ .

#### Switching conditions A3

ON:	$Temp_{F3} - Temp_{F2} \geq P33$ and $Temp_{F5} (Temp_{F2}) \leq P51 - 5 K$ ,
OFF:	$Temp_{F3} - Temp_{F2} < P33$ or $Temp_{F5} (Temp_{F2}) > P51$ .

**System 10 (1 collector, 1 storage tank, drain-back system)**



**Outputs**

A1	Collector pump 1
A3	Collector pump 2 for system filling

**Inputs**

F1	Collector sensor
F3	Storage tank inlet sensor
F4	Storage tank outlet sensor
Optional	
F2	Tank top sensor
F5	Additional sensor

**Switching conditions A1 and A3**

ON:  $Temp_{F1} - Temp_{F4} > P30$  and  $Temp_{F1} > P40$   
 and  $Temp_{F1} < P42$   
 and  $Temp_{F4} < P84$

OFF:  $Temp_{F2} > P50$ .

- ▷ In order to fill the collector, the pumps (A1, A3) are switched on together for the time set with P87. During filling, the pumps run at the speed set with P107.

**Switching conditions A1**

At the end of the time set with P87:

ON: Control enable collector pump A1.  
 OFF:  $Temp_{F3} - Temp_{F4} < P31$   
 or  $Temp_{F3} > P85$   
 or  $Temp_{F4} > P86$ .

**Switching conditions A3**

OFF: At the end of the time set with P87.

- ▷ Due to the drain-back function, no safety functions (frost protection, max. collector temperature) are active during standby.

### Special functions

Depending on the system selected, outlets A3 can be assigned to special functions. The function required is set using P54.

#### Reheating

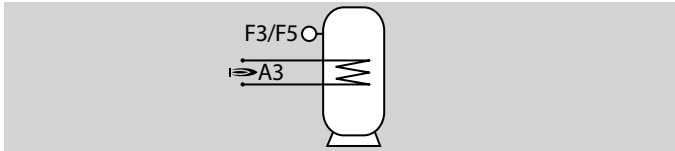
The reheating function, e.g. using an electric immersion heater, can be activated using parameter P54 = 4 (storage tank 1) or P54 = 5 (storage tank 2).

The additional heat source is activated when the storage tank temperature at F3 on storage tank 1 (F5 on storage tank 2) drops below the set temperature (P47) by (P34).

▷ Set temperature with solar production = (P47- P52).

The heat source is switched off again when the temperature of the storage tank exceeds the set temperature.

This function is active during the enable time (P07 Reheating ON Time/P08 Reheating OFF Time).



#### Circulation pump

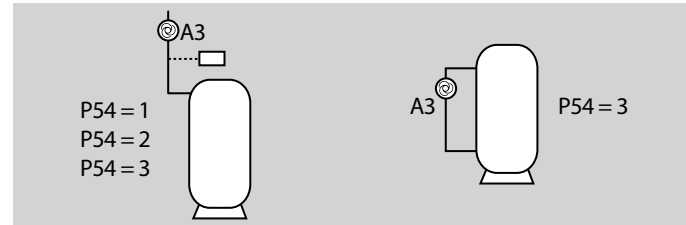
A circulation pump can be activated with parameter P54 = 1, P54 = 2 or P54 = 3.

P54 = 1: The circulation pump is switched on permanently during the enable times (P09 Cir. pump ON time/P10 Cir. pump OFF time).

P54 = 2: If there is a short-circuit at the pulse input, the circulation pump is switched on for the set switching duration P55. The pump can be switched on again only after the set reclose blocking period P56 has elapsed. It is switched on only during

the enable times (P09 Cir. pump ON time/P10 Cir. pump OFF time).

P54 = 3: Activation with active Hot water short heating (P53)

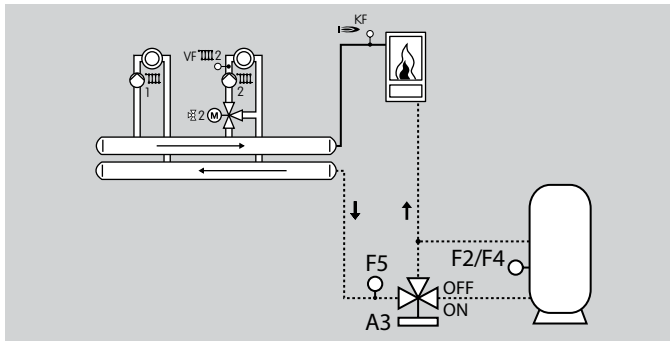


### Return temperature increase

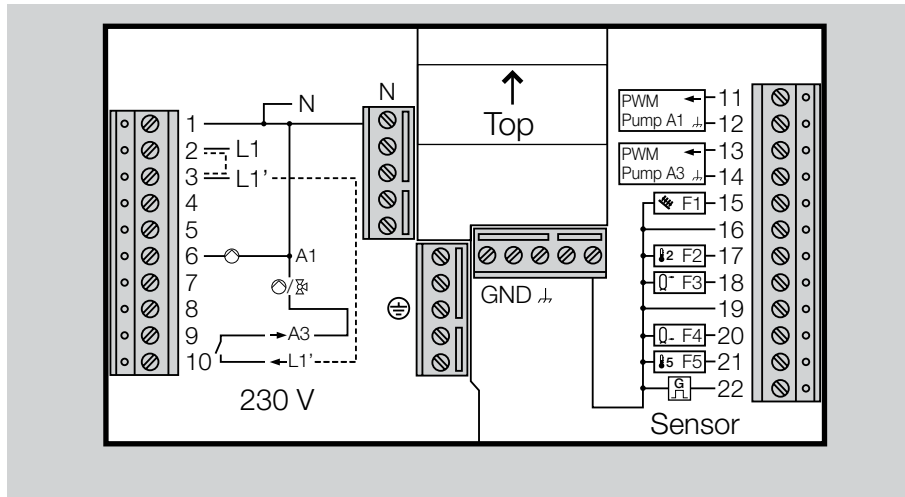
The return temperature increase function can be activated with parameter P54 = 6 (storage tank 1; F4) or P54 = 7 (storage tank 2; F2).

The return flow of the heating system is circulated through the storage tank and is heated by it. The system is switched on via A3 when the temperature in the storage tank has exceeded the temperature of the return flow (F5) by the switch-on threshold 2 (P32).

The return temperature increase is switched off when the temperature in the storage tank (F2/F4) drops below the temperature of the return flow (F5) and the switch-off threshold 2 (P33) ( $F2/F4 = F5 - P33$ ).



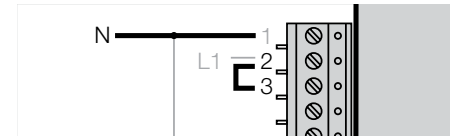
### Connection diagram controller in socket base



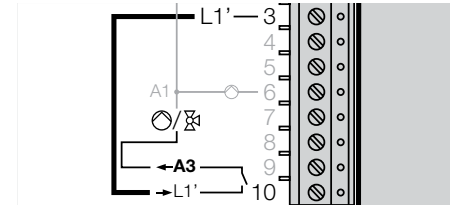
~230 V, relay switching capacity 2(2) A, ~250 V	
1	Neutral conductor mains
2	Mains voltage heating controller L1
3	Mains voltage for the outputs L1'
6	Pump A1, variable-speed
9-10	Relay, floating

SELV, safety extra low voltage	
11-12	Speed of pump A1
13-14	Speed of pump A3
15	Sensor F1
17	Sensor F2
18	Sensor F3
20	Sensor F4
21	Sensor F5
22	Pulse generator

- ▷ Provided no separate regulations for protecting the relay apply, a bridge to supply the relay for pump A1 must be connected between terminals 2 and 3.



- ▷ A bridge must be connected terminals 3 and 10 if a connected actuator is operated via the floating relay.




- ▷ Use fixed cables or flexible cables with wire end sleeves for connections (230 V).
- ▷ Connection to the CAN bus is not possible.
- ▷ Collector sensor (F1): Use only KLF 1000, see page 40 (Accessories).
- ▷ Connect only sensors necessary for the system.

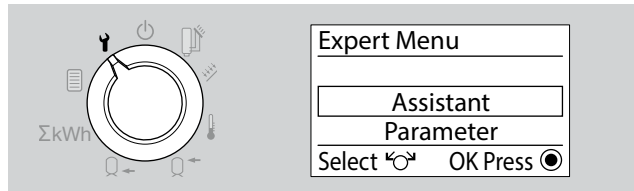


## Technician – Settings

### WARNING

Incorrect settings can cause malfunctions and damage the heating system! Only a qualified technician may change the parameters from no. 21.

- 1 Turn selector switch to  "Technician Setting".

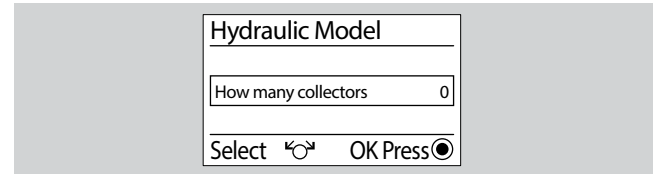



- ▷ The display shows the options with which the heating system can be set.
- 2 Select the desired option (**Assistant, Parameter, Relay test** or **Reset**) using the rotary knob.
  - 3 Press the OK button.

### Assistant (system installation)

- ▷ The assistant allows the heating system to be comfortably installed by selecting the number of connected sensors and actuators.
  - ▷ Alternatively, an appropriate system scheme can be selected with parameter 22, see page 29 (P22 Select system)
  - ▷ A code number has to be entered before settings can be changed (factory setting 0000).
- 4 Enter the code number.
  - ▷ The display shows "wrong code" if the code number is not entered correctly. Repeat step 4 with the right code number.
  - 5 Press the OK button.

- ▷ On the display, the input of the number of collectors is prompted.



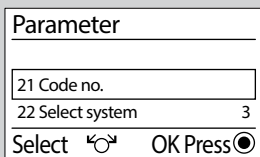
- 6 Alter the number (0, 1 or 2), if necessary, using the rotary knob.
  - 7 Press the OK button.
  - 8 Then alter the number of connected storage tanks, mixers, solid fuel boilers, pumps and valves and confirm with the OK button.
- ▷ The display shows the system plan and system number (top left).
  - ▷ If several system schemes are displayed, they can be selected using the rotary knob, see page 15 (System scheme)
- 9 Press the OK button.
- ▷ The display shows "Wait for Restart" and then the software number (404.xx).
  - ▷ Further settings can be made in the Expert menu.
  - ▷ To commission the system, turn the selector switch back to  Automatic mode.

### Parameter

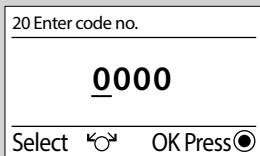
- ▷ Parameters P1 to P11 for users, see page 12 (User – Parameters).

### Change Code No.

- ▷ In order to be able to change settings above parameter 22, a code number has to be defined with parameter P21 (factory setting 0000).
- ▷ Possibly turn the rotary knob until "21 Code No." appears on the display.



- 4 Press the OK button.
- ▷ Display shows 0000.

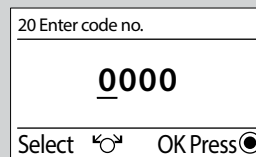


- 5 To enter the "old" code number, set each digit with the rotary knob and press the OK button.
- ▷ The display shows "wrong code" if the code number is not entered correctly. Repeat step 4 with the right code number.
- 6 Then to enter the "new" code number, set each digit with the rotary knob and press the OK button.
  - 7 Note the "new" code number.

- ▷ **From now on, the "new" code number always has to be entered in order to change settings as well as to reset the controller (Reset).**
- ▷ **To reset the code number, hold the OK button pressed and connect the power supply to the controller.**

### Set parameters

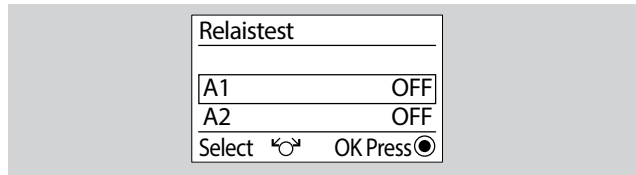
- 4 Select the desired parameter using the rotary knob.
- ▷ A number of parameters can only be displayed.
- 5 Press the OK button.
- ▷ Display shows 0000.



- 6 To enter the code number, select each digit with the rotary knob and press the OK button.
  - 7 Set the selected parameter using the rotary knob.
  - 8 Press the OK button to confirm.
- ▷ Continue from step 4 if further parameters are to be set. (The code number does not have to be entered again).
  - ▷ To commission the system, turn the selector switch back to Automatic mode.
  - ▷ The table on page 28 (List of parameters P21 to P110) shows the setting possibilities.

## Relay test

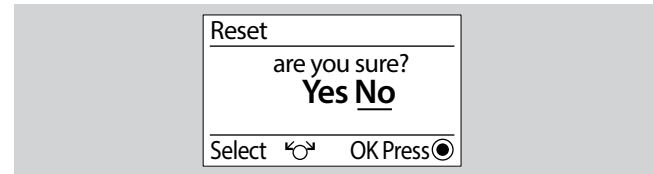
- ▷ The relay test allows connected actuators (pumps, switch-over valves) to be actuated individually to check their function.
- 4** To start the test, enter the code number (factory setting 0000).
- ▷ The display shows "wrong code" if the code number is not entered correctly. Repeat step **4** with the right code number.
- 5** Press the OK button.



- 4** Select the relay (A1 or A3) with the rotary knob.
- 5** Press the OK button to switch the relay on or off.
- 8** Press the Back button (Esc) to end the test.
- ▷ Turn the selector switch back to Automatic mode.

## Reset

- ▷ The personal settings (parameters 01 to 11) are retained, all the other parameters are reset to the factory setting.
- 4** Note the personal settings in this manual.
- 5** To start the test, enter the code number (factory setting 0000).
- ▷ The display shows "wrong code" if the code number is not entered correctly. Repeat step **5** with the right code number.
- ▷ **If the code number is not known and to reset the code number, hold the OK button pressed and connect the power supply to the controller.**
- 6** Press the OK button.



- 7** Select "Yes" using the rotary knob.
- ▷ If the settings are not to be changed, press the Back button (Esc) or select "No" with the rotary knob and press the OK button.
- ▷ The factory settings are loaded.
- ▷ For commissioning, modify the settings if necessary and turn the selector switch back to Automatic mode.

## Technician – Parameters

### List of parameters P21 to P110

P No.	Parameter	Setting range	Factory setting	Own values
21	Code no.	0000 to 9999	0000	
22	Select system	1 to 13	1	

#### Speed control A1/A3

23	Actual speed	Display only		
24	Op. mode speed cntrl	Auto; Manual	Auto	
25	Speed manual	30% to 100%	100%	
26	Min. Speed level (Auto)	30% to 100%	30%	
27	Max. Speed level (Auto)	30% to 100%	100%	
28	Diff. temp., 100%	10 K to 50 K	35 K	

#### ON/OFF switching differences, hysteresis

30	On switching diff.1	1 K to 30 K	6 K	
31	Off switching diff.1	1 K to 30 K	3 K	
32	On switching diff.2	1 K to 30 K	6 K	
33	Off switching diff.2	1 K to 30 K	3 K	
34	Hysteresis reheating	1 K to 30 K	5 K	

#### Special functions

40	En. temp., collector(s)	-20°C to +95°C	40°C	
41	Dis. temp., collector(s)	-20°C to +95°C	35°C	
42	Max. coll. temp.	80°C to 180°C	110°C	
43	En. temp. 2nd heat gen.	0°C to 90°C	60°C	
44	Max. boiler temp.	30°C to 130°C	90°C	
45	Collector safety temp.	80°C to 180°C	110°C	

P No.	Parameter	Setting range	Factory setting	Own values
46	Thrshld, tank Recooling	OFF; 1 K to 30 K	Off	
47	Set temp., tank (reheat)	10°C to 90°C	40°C	
50	Max tank temp., tank1	10°C to 130°C	60°C	
51	Max tank temp., tank2	10°C to 130°C	60°C	
52	Tol. during solar prod.	0 K to 90 K	10 K	
53	Hot water short heating	OFF, 50°C to 70°C	Off	

#### Functions of additional relay A3

54	Function A3	0 to 8	0	
55	Cir. pump on time	1 min to 10 min	1 min	
56	Cir. pump blocking	1 min to 20 min	5 min	

#### Pump kick function (temperature test function)

60	Kick duration	OFF; 2 sec to 59 sec	Off	
61	Kick pause	10 min to 60 min	30 min	
62	Meas. time for 0.5K incr.	1 min to 5 min	1 min	
63	Frost protection temp.	OFF; -5°C to +5°C	Off	

#### Production estimate/Volume flow counter

70	Pulse rate	0.0 to 100	1.1	
71	Pulse rate unit	ml/pulse; l/pulse	ml/pulse	
72	Vol. flow distribution	1:99 to 99:1	50:50	
75	Vol. flow - collector1	OFF; 0.1l/min to 100 l/min	Off	
75	Vol. flow - collector2	OFF; 0.1l/min to 100 l/min	Off	
78	Mixing ratio	0% to 70%	40%	
79	Glycol type	Propylene glycol; Ethylene glycol	Propylene glycol	

P No.	Parameter	Setting range	Factory setting	Own values
<b>Drain back</b>				
84	Max tank output	50°C to 75°C	68°C	
85	Max tank input active	60°C to 110°C	95°C	
86	Max tank output active	60°C to 110°C	75°C	
87	Filling time	1 min to 10 min	3 min	
<b>Software</b>				
99	Software No.	Display only		
<b>Pump controller PWM-/0...10V</b>				
101	Speed control variant	PWM; 0...10 V	PWM	
102	Basic frequency	180 Hz; 1 kHz; 2 kHz	180 Hz	
103	PWM ratio ON	0% to 100%	85%	
104	PWM ratio OFF	0% to 100%	91%	
105	PWM ratio Pmin	0% to 100%	85%	
106	PWM ratio Pmax	0% to 100%	0%	
107	PWM ratio Povrspeed	OFF; 0% to 100%	Off	
108	Voltage 0%	0 to 10 V	0V	
109	Voltage 100%	0 to 10 V	10 V	
110	Voltage OFF	0 to 10 V	0 V	

## Explanation of the parameters

### P21 Code No.

Here you can specify your own code number. Remember this code well! This code number is required to change parameters 22, 24–110 and to reset the controller.

- ▷ Factory setting = 0000.
- ▷ If the code number is not known and to reset the code number, hold the OK button pressed and connect the power supply to the controller.

Changing the code number, see pages 25 (Technician – Settings) and 26 (Change Code No.).

### P22 Select system

On selecting the system, the function of the device is redefined. Set the number of the system according to the connection descriptions for system 1 to system 13, see from page 15 (System scheme).

- ▷ After changing the Select system parameter, all settings except the selected language are reset to the factory settings (code number is reset to 0000).

### Speed control A1/A3

#### P23 Actual speed

Display of the actual value for the speed of pump A1 and pump A3 (if installed) in %.

- ▷ Display without input of the code number.

#### P24 Op. mode speed cntrl

P24 = 0: Automatic, the differential controller determines the speed for A1/A3.

P24 = 1: Manual, the speed set under P25 applies to A1/A3.

## Technician – Parameters

---

### **P25 Speed manual**

Only works when Op. mode speed cntrl = Manual (P24=manual) is selected.

P25 = 30–100%: Specifies the speed for pump A1.

---

### **P26 Min. Speed level (Auto)**

Only works when Op. mode speed cntrl = Automatic (P24=Auto) is selected.

P26 = 30–100%: To define the minimum speed in % at which pump A1 is to run. Select the value such that the pump runs reliably at this speed (P26 < P27).

---

### **P27 Max. Speed level (Auto)**

Only works when Op. mode speed cntrl = Automatic (P24=Auto) is selected.

P27 = 30–100%: To define the maximum speed in % at which pump A1 is to run. Select the value such that the pump runs reliably at this speed (P27 > P26).

---

### **P28 Temperature difference for 100% control**

Only works when Op. mode speed cntrl = Automatic (P24=Auto) is selected.

P28 = 5–50 K: The pump is started at full speed [100%] for the temperature difference between collector 1 and the active storage tank that is set here. The pump is slowed down if the temperature difference is lower.

---

### **ON/OFF switching differences, hysteresis**

#### **P30 Switch-on threshold 1**

P30 = 1–30 K: The feeding function for storage tank 1 via pump A1 is enabled when the temperature difference between sensor F1 (collector/solid fuel) and sensor F4 (storage tank bottom) exceeds the switch-on threshold.

#### **P31 Switch-off threshold 1**

P31 = 1–30 K: The feeding function for storage tank 1 is barred when the temperature difference between sensor F1 (collector/solid fuel) and sensor F4 (storage tank bottom) drops below the switch-off threshold.

---

#### **P32 Switch-on threshold 2,**

#### **P33 Switch-off threshold 2**

P32, P33 = 1–30 K.

**Systems 1, 7, 9:** No function.

**Systems 2, 5:** The feeding function for storage tank 2 via pump A1 is enabled when the temperature difference between sensor F1 (solid fuel/collector) and sensor F2 (storage tank 2) exceeds the switch-on threshold.

The feeding function for storage tank 2 is deactivated again when the difference drops below the set switch-off threshold.

The valve A3 is switched in the direction of storage tank 2 when the feeding function for storage tank 2 is enabled and storage tank 1 cannot be fed.

**Systems 3, 4:** The feeding function via pump A3 is enabled when the temperature difference between sensor F2 (solid fuel/collector 2) and sensor F4 (storage tank bottom) exceeds the switch-on threshold.

**System 6:** The feeding function for storage tank 2 via pump A3 is enabled when the temperature difference between sensor F1 (collector) and sensor F2 (storage tank 2) exceeds the switch-on threshold.

The feeding function for storage tank 2 is deactivated again when the difference drops below the set switch-off threshold.

**System 8:** see page 23 (Return temperature increase)

**System 10:** The refeeding function via pump A3 is enabled when the temperature at sensor F3 (Tank 1 top) exceeds the temperature at sensor F2 (Tank 2 bottom) by the switch-on threshold (P32).

The refeeding function is deactivated again when the temperature at sensor F3 (Tank 1 top) drops below the temperature at sensor F2 (Tank 2 bottom) by the switch-off threshold (P33).

### **P34 Hysteresis reheating**

P34 = 1–30 K: Reheating is activated when the set temperature drops below the hysteresis set here. Reheating is deactivated again when the set temperature set with P47 is exceeded.

### **Special functions**

#### **P40 Collector enable temperature,**

#### **P41 Collector disable temperature**

P40, P41 = -20–+95°C:

**System 2:** No function

**Systems 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10:** The collector pump is enabled when the associated collector temperature exceeds the enable temperature. It is disabled when the collector temperature drops below the disable temperature. This function prevents the pump starting without relevant heat production.

#### **P42 Maximum collector temperature**

P42 = 80–180°C:

**System 2:** No function

**Systems 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10:** The collector pumps are deactivated when the associated collector temperature exceeds the safety limit set here (system protection).

The pumps are reactivated when the temperature drops below the maximum collector temperature – 10K.

#### **P43 Enable temperature 2. Heat source (solid fuel boiler)**

P43 = 0–90°C:

**Systems 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10:** No function.

**Systems 2, 3:** The corresponding pump is enabled when the temperature of the 2nd heat source (systems 2 and 9 = F1,

system 3 = F2) exceeds the limit set here by 5K. It is disabled when the temperature of the heat source drops below the enable temperature.

This function ensures that the heat source can reach its operating temperature.

#### **P44 Maximum temperature 2. Heat source (solid fuel boiler)**

P43 = 30–130°C:

**Systems 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10:** No function

**Systems 2, 3:** The feeding pump of the solid fuel boiler is deactivated when the temperature of the boiler exceeds the limit temperature set here (system protection).

The pump is reactivated when the, temperature falls 10 K below the limit value.

#### **P45 Collector safety temp.**

P45 = 80–180°C:

**System 2:** No function.

**Systems 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10:** The collector protection temperature protects the collector against overheating. It is activated when the set maximum collector temperature P42 is greater than the collector safety temperature P45 set here.

If the collector temperature F1 or F2 exceeds the set collector safety temperature P45 and the storage tank temperature is < 92°C, the storage tank is fed beyond its maximum temperature to 95°C to cool the collector. The function is interrupted when the collector exceeds its maximum temperature P42. The function is activated again when the collector temperature is P42 - 10 K.

#### **P46 Storage tank recooling switching threshold**

P46 = OFF: No storage tank recooling

P46 = 0–30 K: Storage tank recooling is active. If the collector protection function has fed the storage tanks during the day to temperatures in excess of the set maximum storage tank temperatures P50, P51, then the storage tank can be automatically

## Technician – Parameters

---

cooled to the set maximum temperature of the storage tank P50, P51 at night between 1.00 and 6.00 h by switching on the feeding pumps. The storage tank cannot be fed during this period. This function is meant to protect the storage tank. Recooling can take place only when the temperature of the storage tank exceeds the collector temperature by at least the value of switching threshold P46 + 3 K hysteresis.

---

### **P47 Set temp., tank (reheat)**

Only when special function Reheating is selected, see page 13 (P07 Reheating ON Time/ P08 Reheating OFF Time).

P47 = 10–90°C: An additional heat source (A3) is enabled when the storage tank temperature at the upper storage tank sensor (F3/ F5) drops below the set temperature set here by P34.

The heat source is disabled again when the temperature of the storage tank exceeds the enable temperature.

If there is solar production, the switching thresholds are moved down by the parameter P52: Enabling occurs at an upper storage tank temperature < P47-(P52+P34).

---

### **P50 Maximum temperature, storage tank 1**

P50 = 10–130°C: If a sensor (F3, storage tank top) is installed, it is used to monitor the maximum temperature. If this sensor is not installed, the maximum storage tank temperature is monitored by F4. In this case, the stratification of the tank must be taken into account.

**Systems 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10:** The feeding pumps are disabled when the temperature of storage heater 1 exceeds the safety limit temperature set here (system protection).

The pumps are enabled again when the temperature drops below the maximum storage tank temperature – 5 K.

**Systems 2, 5, 6:** For these systems it is also possible to additionally keep feeding storage tank 2.

---

### **P51 Maximum storage tank temperature, tank 2**

P51 = 10–130°C

**Systems 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10:** No function

**Systems 2, 5:** Feeding pump A1 is disabled when the temperature of storage heater 2 exceeds the safety limits set here and storage tank 1 cannot be fed (A3 = ON towards storage tank 2).

The pump is enabled again when the temperature drops below the maximum storage tank temperature – 5 K.

**System 6:** Feeding pump A3 is disabled when the temperature of storage heater 2 exceeds the safety limit set here (system protection).

The pump is enabled again when the temperature drops below the maximum storage tank temperature – 5 K.

---

### **P52 Tolerance with solar production**

Can only be set when P54 = 3 (refeeding).

P52 = 0–90 K

**Systems 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10:** If the storage tank is fed from the collector/solid fuel boiler, the additional heat source is only enabled when the storage tank temperature drops below the set reheating temperature (P47) by the value Tolerance with solar production (P52) + Hysteresis reheating (P34). It is disabled again when the storage tank temperature reaches the value of set temperature P47 minus tolerance value.

---

### **P53 Hot water short heating**

The hot water short heating can only be performed when an external heat source (reheating function) is able to generate the necessary temperatures and when the special function Reheating is selected, see page 13 (P07 Reheating ON Time/ P08 Reheating OFF Time).

P53 = OFF: No hot water short heating

P53 = 50–70°C: Every Saturday at 01.00 h the storage tank is heated once to 65°C (= increase in set temperature).



The hot water short heating is only performed when the storage tank temperature of 65°C was not reached during the previous week. The temperature is monitored by sensor F4 (storage tank bottom). The hot water short heating is stopped when the set temperature cannot be reached within 3 hours or when the programmed maximum storage tank temperature (at least 65°C) is detected at sensor F3 (only when installed).

### Functions of additional relay A3

If output A3 is not specifically assigned by the system scheme, it can be assigned a freely selectable special function, see page 22 (Special functions)

---

#### P54 Function A3

P 54 = 0: Output A3 not active

P 54 = 1: Circulation pump enable. The output is switched on permanently during the enable time of the circulation pump (P09 Circulation pump ON/P10 Circulation pump OFF).

P54 = 2: Circulation pump at pulse. If there is a short-circuit at the pulse input (terminal 22), the circulation pump is switched on for the set switching duration P55. The pump can be switched on again only after the set reclose blocking period P56 has elapsed. The set circulation program has priority. Switching on takes place only during the enable time (P09 to P10).

P54 = 3: Circulation pump during hot water short heating. The output is switched on during hot water short heating.

P54 = 4: Reheating storage tank 1, reference sensor F3

P54 = 5: Reheating storage tank 2, reference sensor F5

▷ The reheating function is active only during the enable times (P07 to P08). If the set temperature for the storage tank drops by at least 5 K (in case of solar production by P52+5 K) during this period, then the selected output switches on (reheating) until the set temperature has been reached (reheating OFF). If there is heat input into the storage tank via solid fuel boiler/collector, the reheating function is activated only when the temperature drops below the tolerance limit (see page 32 (P52 Tolerance with solar production)).

P54 = 6: Return temperature increase storage tank 1

P54 = 7: Return temperature increase storage tank 2

P54 = 8: Fan/coil. The output is activated if the collector safety temperature (P45) is exceeded. When the storage tank is full, the

## Technician – Parameters

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excess heat is dissipated via a heat exchanger with fan (fan/coil) to prevent collector pump A1 switching off.

---

### **P55 Cir. pump on time**

P55 = 1–10 min

Running time of the circulation pump after a pulse is received (start of water tapping) at terminal 22.

---

### **P56 Cir. pump blocking**

P55 = 1–20 min

If the circulation pump is switched on, it can be started again only after the reclose blocking time has elapsed.

---

### **Pump kick function (temperature test function)**

**System 2:** No function

**Systems 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10:** The heated heat generation medium of the collector is transported to the sensor when the collector pump gets switched on for a short period so that the collector temperature can be measured.

---

### **P60 Kick duration**

P60 = OFF: Pump kick function is deactivated.

P60 = 2–59 s: Collector pump runtime following pump kick.

---

### **P61 Kick pause**

P61 = 2–60 min: If the collector pump has not run for the duration set here, the pump is activated for the kick duration (P60).

---

### **P62 Measuring time for 0.5 K increase**

P62 = 1–5 min: The course of the collector temperature is controlled during this period following a pump kick. If an increase of 0.5 K is detected, the pump is started for a further minute.

---

### **P63 Frost protection temperature**

P63 = OFF: Function is deactivated

P63 = -5–+5°C: If the collector temperature drops below the frost protection temperature set here, the collector pumps are switched on. The collector pumps are switched off again when P63+2 K is reached.

### Production estimate/Volume flow counter

While the feeding pump is running, the pulses of an optional volume flow counter connected to terminal 22 are evaluated. The controller can calculate the heat production from the volume flow determined (input of the counter pulse rate in P70) and the temperature difference between collector and storage tank.

- ▷ If sensor F2 is available and installed as return flow sensor for the collector, the temperature difference between heat source and F2 is calculated. Otherwise the feed point of the charged storage tank is used for the calculation.
- ▷ **System 4:** The heat production for both collectors is determined here accordingly (temperature difference F1, F4 and F2, F4). When both collector pumps are running, the heat flows are calculated after the vol. flow distribution (P72).

The glycol type (P79) and the mixing ratio with water (P78) have to be set for the calculation.

Daily and total production are displayed in kWh. Total production display switches to MWh for values over 10 MW. It switches automatically. The day's production is reset to zero at midnight. Both values can be reset to zero at user level by means of the key OK.

- ▷ The circulation pump must not be activated via parameter 54 = 2 while measuring the production via the connected pulse generator.
- ▷ If no pulse counter is connected, a production estimate can be carried out. To do this, enter the average volume flow through the respective collector when the feeding pump is in operation (P75 and P76). The volume flow can be established by installing a counter for a short time or by calculation (installation technician).
- ▷ The production estimate does not give the correct production value for the variable-speed pump A1 because the volume flow can only be estimated for the reduced pump speed.
- ▷ Reference value for flow rate:  
approx. 0.8 l/min per m<sup>2</sup> of collector area. **This value does not apply to low-flow systems!**

### P70 Pulse rate

Only in conjunction with a volume flow counter.

P70 = 0.0–100: Variable in 0.1 steps. Set the unit of the pulse rate (ml/pulse, l/pulse) with P71. Refer to the documentation on the counter for the pulse rate of a connected volume flow counter.

### P71 Pulse rate unit

Only in conjunction with a volume flow counter.

P71 = ml/pulse; l/pulse

### P72 Vol. flow distribution (system with 2 collectors)

P72 = 1:99–99:1

**System 4:** The ratio of the volume flows through the two collectors has to be entered if both feeding pumps are in operation.

### P75 s flow rate solar panel 1 (for estimated production)

Without volume flow counter only.

P75 = OFF: The real flow rate is measured if a volume flow counter is connected. Furthermore, select P75 = OFF if solar production is not to be taken into consideration (system without collector).

P75 = 0.1 – 100 l/min: Defined value for systems without volume flow counter for an approximate estimation of the production.

### P76 Vol. flow – collector 2 (estimated production)

Without volume flow counter only.

P76 = OFF: The real flow rate is measured if a volume flow counter is connected. Furthermore, select P75 = OFF if solar production is not to be taken into consideration (system without collector).

P76 = 0.1 – 100 l/min: Defined value for systems without volume flow counter for an approximate estimation of the production.

## Technician – Parameters

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### **P78 Mixing ratio**

P78 = 0–70%

Refer to the documents supplied for information on the mixing ratio of the heat transport medium (filling of the solar system) or ask the installation technician.

---

### **P79 Glycol type**

P79 = Propylene glycol; ethylene glycol

The glycol type can be found in the documents supplied, or ask the installation technician.

---

### **Drain back**

**Systems 1 to 9:** No function.

---

### **P84 Max tank output**

P84 = 50–75°C: Maximum temperature at the storage tank output (F4).

Pumps remain inactive if  $F4 > P84$

---

### **P85 Max tank input active**

P85 = 60–110°C: Maximum temperature at the storage tank input (F3) with active pump. Pump switches off when  $F3 > P85$ .

---

### **P86 Max tank output active**

P86 = 60–110°C: Maximum temperature at the storage tank output (F4) with active pump. Pump switches off when  $F4 > P86$ .

---

### **P87 Filling time**

P87 = 1–10 min

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### **Software**

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### **P99 Software number and index**

(Display only)

---

**Pump controller PWM/0...10V**

The relay outputs are suitable for controlling high-efficiency pumps. Variable-speed pumps with PWM or 0-10 Volt input signal can be controlled. The selection (PWM or 0-10 Volt) and settings for the pumps can be made with the following parameters.

---

**P101 Speed control variant**

P101 = PWM; 0...10V  
Selection of pump control.

---

**P102 PWM base frequency**

Only when P101 = PWM is selected  
P102 = 180 Hz; 1 kHz; 2 kHz: The desired speed (0 to 100%) is converted into the corresponding PWM clock ratio.

---

**P103 PWM ratio ON**

Only when P101 = PWM is selected  
P103 = 0–100%: PWM signal that is output for 5 seconds when the pump is activated (for safe starting).

---

**P104 PWM ratio OFF**

Only when P101 = PWM is selected  
P104 = 0–100%: Signal for 0% speed (pump is definitely OFF), can be identical with P105. The relay is switched off.

---

**P105 PWM ratio Pmin**

Only when P101 = PWM is selected  
P105 = 0–100%: Signal for the lowest speed when the pump is active.

---

**P106 PWM ratio Pmax**

Only when P101 = PWM is selected  
P106 = 0–100%: Signal for the highest speed when the pump is active.

---

**P107 PWM ratio Povrspeed**

Only when P101 = PWM is selected  
P107 = OFF  
P107 = 0–100%:

**Systems 1 to 12:** No function

**System 13:** On pumps which permit a "kick down", the signal for the highest speed is output during the filling time.

---

**P108 Voltage 0%**

Only when P101 = 0...10V is selected  
P108 = 0.0–10 V: Setting for the minimum pump speed

---

**P109 Voltage 100%**

Only when P101 = 0...10V is selected  
P109 = 0.0–10 V: Setting for the maximum pump speed

---

**P110 Voltage OFF**

Only when P101 = 0...10V is selected  
P110 = 0.0–10 V: Voltage at which the pump (and corresponding relay) are switched off.

### Further functions

#### **Pump blocking protection**


The controller effectively prevents the pumps blocking following longer periods out of operation. The integrated protection function activates all the pumps which have not operated within the last 24 hours each day for approx. 5 seconds at around 12.00.

#### **Pump stop (temperature check)**

**Systems 2,5,6:** Filling of the secondary storage tank (sensor F3) is interrupted for 60 sec. every 30 minutes. After the interruption period, the start conditions for filling the primary storage tank (sensor F4) are checked.

This function is only performed when the highest priority storage tank has not reached its maximum storage tank temperature ( $F4 < P50-5K$ ).

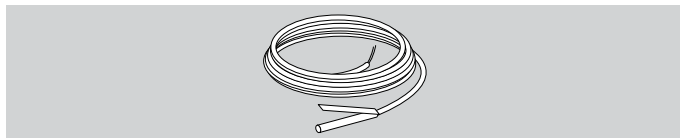
### Expert – Checklist for commissioning

- Heating controller properly wired? Particularly the bridges between L and L1' and between L1' and terminal 10, see pages 24 (Connection diagram controller in socket base).
- Are the sensors required for the application connected?
- Sensors that are not required are not connected.
- User parameters configured? Set at least time and day of the week, see page 10 (User – Settings).
- Expert parameters configured? See page 25 (Technician – Settings) and 28 (Technician – Parameters).
- Correct system scheme configured? See page 15 (System scheme).
- Sensors tested for plausible values? See page 7 (Automatic mode).
- Relay outputs tested? See page 27 (Relay test).
- Selector switch turned to  Automatic mode?

### Accessories

#### Sensor (PT 1000)

##### Storage tank sensor SPF



SPF1000, 3 m, Ø 6.0×50 Order No. 99 676 998

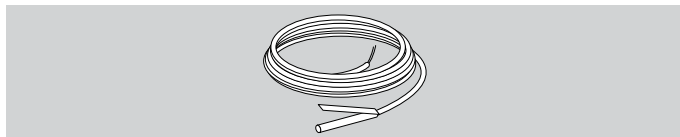
##### Installation position

In the immersion pipe of the hot water storage tank (usually on the front side of the storage tank)

##### Installation

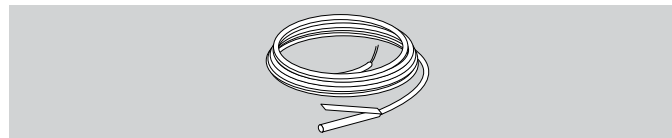
- 1 Dry immersion pipe.
- 2 Push the sensor as far as possible into the immersion pipe.
- 3 For electrical connections, see page 14 (Technician – Electrical connections).

##### Collector sensor KLF



KLF1000, silicone cable 2 m, Ø 6×50 Order No. 99 676 970

##### Flow sensor VF



VF1000, 3 m, Ø 6.0×50, Order No. 99 676 984

##### Package Contents

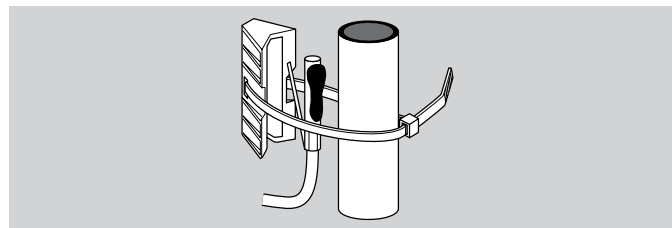
Flow sensor, thermal compound, pressure cap

##### Installation position

- ▷ In the case of heating system control instead of boiler sensor KF, as close as possible at the back of the boiler on the heater flow
- ▷ In the case of mixer operation approx. 0.5 m behind the heating circuit pump

##### Installation

- 1 Thoroughly clean flow pipe.
- 2 Apply thermal compound to sensor.
- 3 Fasten sensor to the flow pipe with the retaining strap.



- 4 For electrical connections, see page 14 (Technician – Electrical connections).



**Sensor values**

Temp. [°C]	Pt 1000 VF1000, SPF1000, KLF1000 [Ω]
-30	882
-25	901
-20	921
-15	941
-10	960
-5	980
0	1000
5	1019
10	1039
15	1058
20	1077
25	1097
30	1116
35	1136
40	1155
45	1174
50	1194
55	1213
60	1232
65	1251
70	1270
75	1289
80	1309
85	1328
90	1347
95	1366
100	1385
105	1404
110	1422
115	1441
120	1460
125	1479
130	1498

Temp. [°C]	Pt 1000 VF1000, SPF1000, KLF1000 [Ω]
135	1517
140	1535
145	1554
150	1573
155	1591
160	1610
165	1629
170	1647
175	1666
180	1684
185	1703
190	1721
195	1740
200	1758
205	1776
210	1795
215	1813
220	1831
225	1850
230	1868
235	1886
240	1904
245	1922
250	1941



## Technical Specifications

### Troubleshooting

#### ? Fault

#### ! Cause

#### • Remedy

- ? In the event of a fault, the display lighting changes to red. A warning triangle  appears in the top right-hand corner.
- ▷ If the selector switch is set to Automatic mode and the display of the current statuses and temperature has been selected with the rotary knob, a  appears at the faulty sensor.
  - ▷ All pending faults can be listed using user parameter 00 (error list).

Error No.	Defective sensor (break/short-circuit)
E71	Sensor F1*
E72	Sensor F3*
E73	Sensor F4*
E79	Sensor F2*
E128	Sensor F5

\* For a detailed display (break or short-circuit) turn selector switch to temperature display F1, F2, F3 or F4, see page 8.

- Check electrical connection. Possibly measure sensor value. Possibly replace sensor.
- ? The display shows error no. **E81**.
- ! EEPROM error. An invalid parameter has been replaced by the default value.
- Check parameter values.
  - Switch mains power off and on again to reset the error no.

- ? Although pumps and mixer are indicated on the display they are not actuated.
- ! No bridge between terminals 2 and 3 or terminal 1 and neutral block.
- Check electrical connection.

#### Should the actions described above fail to help, please contact your heating engineer.

- ▷ Please have ready the software version (parameter P99).

### Technical Specifications

Mains voltage according to DIN IEC 60 038: ~230 V, +10/-15%  
Power consumption: max. 5 W  
Switching capacity of the relays: ~250 V, AC 2 (2) A  
Max. current via terminal L1': 6.3 A  
Protection class according to EN 60529: IP 40  
Protection class according to EN 60730-1: I  
Overvoltage category III (EN 60730-1)  
Contamination class 2 (EN 60730-1)  
Reserve power of clock: >10 h.  
Permissible ambient temperature during operation: 0 to 50°C  
Permissible ambient temperature during storage: -25 to 60°C  
Permissible relative humidity, not condensing: 95% r.h.  
Sensor resistances F1 to F5: PT1000, 1 kΩ ±0.2% at 0°C.

## Glossary

### Flow and return flow temperature

The flow temperature is the temperature to which the heat source heats the water that transfers the heat to the consumer (e.g. radiator). The return flow temperature is the temperature of the water that flows back from the consumer to the heat source.

### Set temperature

The set temperature describes the desired temperature for hot water. The function of the differential controller is to adjust the actual temperature of the hot water to the set temperature.

### Heat source

Heat source is generally the designation for the heating boiler. It may also be a buffer storage tank however.

### Circulation pump

The circulation pump ensures that hot water is constantly available. The hot water is held in the storage tank. The circulation pump circulates it via the fresh water pipes in accordance with the heating program.

### Return temperature increase

The return temperature increase prevents the temperature difference at the heat source between flow and return becoming too great. A mixer is here used to add a portion of the hot flow water to the return flow to prevent condensation of the steam from the heating gas against the cold heat carrier inside the heating boiler. The minimum temperature required for this process inside the heating boiler depends on the type of fuel (oil 47 °C, gas 55 °C). The risk of corrosion inside the heating boiler is thereby reduced significantly.

### Legionella

Legionella are bacteria that live in water. As a protective measure against legionella, the hot water storage tank is heated to 65°C at every 20th heating-up process or at least once per week.

## Contact

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### Declaration of conformity



We the manufacturer declare that the product Lago SG 2 is in conformity with the fundamental requirements of the following directives and standards.

Directives:

- 2014/35/EU,
- 2014/30/EU,
- 94/62/EC,
- 1907/2006

Standards:

- EN 60730-1,
- EN 60730-2-9

The manufacture is subject to the quality management system in accordance with DIN EN ISO 9001.

Elster GmbH

### Eurasian Customs Union



The product Lago SG 2 meets the technical specifications of the Eurasian Customs Union.

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